



Laikipia

The official newsletter of the County Government of Laikipia

**WEEKLY
BULLETIN**

Laikipia Reins in Land Subdivision Profiteers

Laikipia County Government has stepped in to contain increasing number of subdivision into small uneconomical units of agricultural land particularly in the fringe zones of market centres and urban areas.

All actors, agencies and responsible officers have been directed to strictly adhere and observe the set subdivision guidelines before embarking on any subdivision.

"In order to bring sanity to the situation, we are calling on all relevant land actors and players to comply with land subdivision guidelines as provided by the Physical Planning Handbook 2007," Lands, Infrastructure and Urban Development CECM Joseph Shuel said in a circular to all land actors in the county.

Unscrupulous 'investors, keen on maximizing profits, have been buying pieces of land and subdividing them into small portions without provisions for public amenities and land for public uses.

"These subdivisions are causing haphazard development as well as creating huge environmental hazards besides causing reduction of agricultural production, diminishing tourism potential and earnings and crating urban sprawl among other negative impacts," he added.

Fourth Schedule

According to Mr Shuel such development were exerting pressure on the county government to provide infrastructural services such water, sewerage services and roads without adequately providing for budgetary resources to cater for these investments.

Article 60 (1) of the Constitution of Kenya (2010) stipulates that land in Kenya shall be held, used and managed in a manner that is equitable, efficient, productive and sustainable. Further, Article 66(1) stipulates that the State may regulate the use of any land, or any interest in or right over any land in the interest of defense, public safety, public order, public morality, public health or land use planning.

Part eight of the Fourth Schedule assigns County Governments the mandate of county planning and development including but not



Staff at the Laikipia GIS Lab in Nanyuki taking Governor Ndiritu Muriithi and Laikipia East DCC Ms Esther Mwamure through the ongoing process of digitizing land records.



CECM Joseph Njalis Shuel

limited to land survey and mapping, boundaries and fencing. To better execute this mandate the Physical and Land Use Planning Act (no. 13 of 2019) was enacted to provide a framework of approval of developments and development control in counties.

The move by Laikipia County Government is part of the broader land sector reforms in the county being implemented through a multi-agency approach.

Legality

Legality of thousands of title deeds across the county could be doubt after the government shockingly discovered that over 90 percent of

part development plans (PDPs) in circulation are not approved.

"If we do not take a deliberate effort to correct the issues surrounding these sectors today the future will remain uncertain and the damage will over time become irreversible," the County Attorney Mr Alexander Muchemi warns. (see full article on page 2).

The PDPs are defective for many reasons, including flaunting planning processes, purporting to plan land that is already titled without extinguishing previous rights, and incomplete approvals.

Fraudsters have perfectly used the loophole created by the incomplete but widely-used PDPs. Government is racing against time to close the gap.

The DCI is investigating dozens of officers from county and national governments, including those from the National Land Commission as well as private land brokers over the racket that involves forging of the PDP then generating backdated allotment letter before officials purporting to act on behalf of the cabinet secretary, issue land leases.

Correct Land Sector Wrongs Today Lest Damages Become Irreversible



By Alexander Muchemi,
County Attorney, Laikipia

Land, infrastructure, environment and natural resources are separate but interdependent sectors that have over time become sensitive due to abuse of power by government officers-both at National and County levels- in collusion with fraudsters. If we do not take a deliberate effort to correct the issues surrounding these sectors today the future will remain uncertain and the damage will over time become irreversible. It is for this reason that the County Government of Laikipia has taken a deliberate effort to bring these interdependent sectors back to the rule of law. As a solution the County Government of Laikipia has employed the following measures and mechanisms *inter alia*:-

1. Successfully Organized two multi-agency consultative meeting on pertinent issues on land, infrastructure, environment and natural resources where all the stakeholders in these sectors all invited to a joint forum with a view of developing a common understanding and agreeing on the best way forward to correct all the problems surrounding the sectors. The stakeholders include the H.E. the Governor, The County Commissioner, Judiciary led by the Environment and Land Court Judge, the County department of Lands and Infrastructure led by the County Executive Committee Member in charge of the department, , the County Assembly of Laikipia, the Attorney General, the Ethics and Anti-corruption commission, the County Criminal Investigations Officer, the Office of the Director of Public Prosecution, the Land Registrar, the National Land Commission coordinator, the Plot owner's association, The National Environment Management Authority, the Settlement Trustee and the Law Society of Kenya. Among the many action points agreed upon was that we must all stop the use of unapproved Part Development Plans to process ownership documents i.e. allotment letters and subsequent Leases. This was unanimously agreed to be the main cause of land malpractices and source of land injustice in our county. The consultative meeting has also improved the working relationship between the different offices and brought harmony in the implementation of the Law relating to land and environment.
2. The County Government is in the process of digitizing all maps and Part Development Plans so as to make sure that the one source of truth is easily accessible and verifiable by all the citizens of Laikipia. So far, the county planning department has digitized over 5,000 registry index maps,

- (R.I.M) and 1,400 part development plans.
3. The Director of Criminal Investigations has instituted a wide-ranging criminal investigation into land fraud in Laikipia and in the process many persons of interest have already recorded witness statements and the DCI have already collected far reaching evidence.
4. The County Government has facilitated the modernization of the Nanyuki land registry and the opening of a new land registry at Rumuruti. As well, the County Government has facilitated proper record keeping in both registries which will ensure land records are maintained in a safe and secure place and reduce instances of misfiling or loosing of records.
5. The County Government is in the process of gazetting its County Physical Planning and Liaison Committee as per the requirements of Section 76 of the Physical and Land Use Planning Act.
6. In a bid to ensure that the objectives of development control laid down under section 55 of the Physical and Land Use Planning Act which include *inter alia*: ensure orderly physical and land development, ensure optimal land use, protect and conserve the environment and to promote public safety and health: are met, the County Executive Committee Member for Lands and Infrastructure has issued sub-division guidelines.
7. The County Government is in the process of analyzing all the unapproved Part Development Plans already used to process ownership documents within the County to ascertain which of them can be subjected to an approval process as per the law and which ones cannot withstand the test of the Law.
8. The County Government is in the process of developing a County Land Policy and guidelines.
9. The County Government is already in the process of setting up a 'maps revision unit' and already donated space where the already available maps revision machine will be set up at Nanyuki.
10. The County Government is in the process of securing all land meant for public use by ensuring that requisite ownership documents are processed and such land fenced to avoid encroachment.

As general rule of the thumb;

- (i) Unapproved Part Development Plans should never be used to generate ownership documents.
- (ii) Allotment Letters that were never accepted in time by writing an acceptance letter and paying the requisite fees within 30 days of allotment are deemed to have automatically lapsed and cannot be used as a basis to generate a Lease.
- (iii) The process of allocation of public land must comply with the requirements of Section 12 of the Land Act and more particularly Section 12(7) which provides that public

- land shall not be allocated unless it has been planned, surveyed and serviced and guidelines for its development prepared in accordance with Section 17 of the Act.
- (iv) Protected parcels of land under Section 12(2) of the Land Act should never be allotted.
- (v) Where land for public utilities is mapped during the subdivision of huge parcels of land, ownership documents for the public utilities must be processed first and surrendered to government before balloting or sale and before the individual ownership documents are processed.
- (vi) All development must be done within the conditions of the lease and any other development guidelines issued by the County Executive Committee Member for Lands and Infrastructure as an aspect of development control.
- (vii) Financial institutions, the Law Society of Kenya and land purchasers should confirm the authenticity of ownership documents i.e. allotment letters and Leases with the department of Lands and Physical Planning as part of due diligence before being committal to avoid losses.
- (viii) Land buying companies which purchase land for prospective purposes should avoid selling and balloting properties to third parties i.e. purchasers, before the process of approving the map is complete.
- (ix) Land buying companies composed of beneficial members should avoid balloting properties before the process of approving the maps is complete and must be wound up immediately the process of sharing properties is complete to avoid future disputes e.g. formation of splitter groups.
- (x) The County Government MUST exercise development control as mandated under the Physical and Land Use Planning Act and exercise enforcement where legal conditions are not complied with.
- (xi) The County Revenue Board must employ innovative ways and work with relevant stakeholders so as to optimally collect land related revenue e.g. ensure to be part of the several Land Control Boards.
- (xii) It would be important to maintain a record, for ease of perusal by stakeholders, parcels of land being investigated for fraud within the County to safeguard the interests of innocent purchasers and investors.
- (xiii) Offices charged with the obligations to investigate criminal activity and prosecute suspects of criminal activity must ensure quick investigations and bring culprits to book without any fear of favor.

As a Government, we recognize that land is finite and an important factor of production and assure all our citizens and investors that the Government will do everything within the law to continue improving land ownership confidence and proper development control within the county.

Laikipia's Digitizing its Land Records

The County Government of Laikipia has unveiled a digitized land management system that will ease land transactions.

The Geographic Information System (GIS) Laboratory in the department of Infrastructure, Lands and Physical planning will also improve the integrity of land transactions and planning in the county. It will help to curb cases of land fraud through integrated tracking system of land use.

The GIS has an audited database of the original Parts Development Plan (PDPs) that will which will be used to counter check authenticity before approvals on any land transaction. At a click of a button, an officer can counter-check the location of the land, ownership and any other related information needed before transacting land business.

So far over 5,000 registry index maps (RIMs) and 1,400 PDPs from the Survey of Kenya have been digitized.

The audit has revealed that 80 percent of PDPs are unapproved.

"A large number of PDPs issued and in circulation are not legally bidding documents as they have not completed planning process. Our efforts should not cause panic since we are trying to bring sanity in the Land sector in Laikipia," Governor Ndiritu Muriithi said witnessing the digitization process last week.

He added that there is need to safeguard the instruments of approval as many title deeds are sitting on a quicksand. The best way to

solve a problem is to acknowledge it and find ways to solve it.

Land owners should avail their PDPs for verification and use the GIS Lab to research on the source of the documents before any transaction. It will be a helpful tool for the individual dealing in land matter such as developers, lawyers and other partners. The services will be made available online very soon for residents to benefit.

"The system will restore the integrity of everything concerning land in Laikipia. It will have information that will help us curb cases of frauds," Lands chief officer Eng. Dorcas Korir

said.

It will also help other government agencies in making informed decision as they can have access and be able to well plan for their projects. The CO noted that electricity agencies can check on how many people have been connected to power and the same case for the water providers to know how to extend to those not connected.

The department is closely working with National Land Commission and County Land Registrar to get original PDPs in order to ensure they have a clean database. It will help in tracking the origin of the PDPs and verify the signatory of those issued.



New Ngobit Dispensary Outpatient Block to Open in June

Strengthening primary healthcare facilities is at the core of Laikipia's UHC strategy.

It all boils down to access to quality and affordable healthcare for all citizens.

Here the progress of Ngobit dispensary outpatient block is right on course. The outpatient department (OPD), is almost complete and is expected to be fully func-

tional by the end of next month.

The new block will replace the old building that the dispensary has been using for decades for outpatient services. This is one of the accomplishments towards achieving universal health coverage in Laikipia county that aims at concentrating on preventative and promotive care, rather than curative.

The new facility will see a more organized

service delivery while at the same time offering patients confidence that they are receiving quality healthcare services.

According to Mr Paul Musyoka, the Biomedical Engineer the new facility will attract more patients, especially those who have been seeking medical services in other areas.



My Aim is To See a Self-Sustaining Health Sector

Health and medical Services Department is crucial in attaining in attaining a county with the best quality of life. The sector has a pivotal role in the county's strategy of increasing its gross county production four-folds as a healthy population is more productive. We talked to the new Health CECM Ms Rose Maitai on the strategy the department has put in place to play its part accordingly.

As the new CECM Health and Medical Services, how are you settling in?

I am excited for opportunity to serve in health sector - a very critical and fundamental department in terms of what services the county should be delivering.

I've completely settled and familiarized myself with the department. I have meet with my teams at different levels. The department management committee teams, referral, sub county management teams in Laikipia, East, West and North. In coming weeks I am meeting Community Health Volunteers (CHVs). It's exciting to work with professional teams in health sector

What reforms are happening in the health sector in Laikipia?

First, we have adopted a client-based approach, listening to them more to know what their expectation is, hear what we can improve on. We have been looking to see how we can serve our customers better and be driven by their needs.

Secondly, we are looking on ways of being more self-sustaining. The health facilities have been preparing business plans where investment made can be recouped and generate revenue to be able offer superior services to citizens. We envisage a scenario where every facility can be self-reliant as far as the equipment, resources are concerned.

Lastly, we want a very motivated team. A health worker is a person who needs to be taken care of. They work in a very energy-draining environment where from morning to evening they are dealing with sick persons. It is natural for any human being that under such circumstances they need a good working environment. We are improving it to ensure that our healthcare workers are happy, provided with necessary tools and equipment to be able to perform their duties. We'll continue training our healthcare workers.

Describe your approach to making decisions and solving problems?

As a leader consultation is very important. I consult widely from my boss, the governor, my team here and entire management committee. Then, build a very strong team work which is helpful in agreeing what do to. Being objective driven. When you have your objective and goals clear you know we are moving towards one direction. It helps us to be more focused and know where to put energy, time and resources. Always knowing I am working towards results and outcomes helps to remain on track.



In your experience, what is the key to developing a good health care provider team?

The health care provider can't afford to remain static, you have to keep learning new skills, and ways of doing things, continuously develop themselves. Health is one sector that interacts with citizens very frequently in very vulnerable situation.

We are working to ensure that our team have the right mindset and attitude as well as continuous learning.

How do you rate the performance of Laikipia's health sector?

We are doing great work. Health being a devolved function, citizens are able to access healthcare services much nearer than before. There are great stories. We have taken the lead in this sector having the biggest number of people enrolled on NHIF. This was achieved through effort of sensitizing and educating the citizens about the important of being registered. We have also ensured that our dispensaries and health centres are operational and citizens can get services very close to them. We also have a boost of over 1100 CHVs interacting with citizens each day. We have also customized our services on the needs of a particular area.

What efforts has Laikipia put in place to manage Covid-19 situation in the county?

The bottom line is that county government alone will not be able to contain covid-19 and its every citizen responsibility to also ensure

they protect themselves. What we have done is to carry out sensitization and public education to give information to citizens. Our officers are also out there disseminating the information.

We are also enforcing guidelines given by the ministry of health and we urge all the citizens to comply. Stick to the curfew hours and businesses operate within the hours allowed.

We are also expanding our isolation and oxygen capacity, but aim is to have as fewer people as possible use these services by focusing more on prevention. To date we have vaccinated 16,693 persons.

Your parting shot?

Public health facilities are the most reliable and dependable health care providers. We have enough health care workers to continue delivering services. It's important that citizens realize that they should count on us. Our maternities provide very superior services to our mothers, renal unit provides dialysis, we have operationalized our theatres to full capacity and where we need to improve we are doing that. Every citizen should feel happier and comfortable walking in a facility and assured to get the relevant services that they require, be attended by committed and passionate professionals.

From political promises to action...

Pillar ix: Upgrade Roads and Build Bridges



The County government of Laikipia has consistently maintained a good progress in fulfilling the promises made to the people during the 2017 General Election.

Governor Ndiritu Muriithi's election manifesto was anchored on 12 pillars that included (i) Proper Governance and Accountability, (ii) Job Creation: 30,000 Jobs, (iii) Farming Becomes a profitable business, (iv) Access to clean and Reliable water, (v) Access to Quality and Affordable Health Care, (vi) Employable youths and Entrepreneurship, (vii) Opportunities and Talent Development for young people, (viii) Protection of Life and Property, (ix) Light-up of homes and Markets, (x) Upgrade of roads and Building bridges, (xi) Develop Smart and Green Towns, and (xii) Destination Laikipia.

In our eighth installment of 'From Political promises to Action' we are focusing on Pillar number Nine.

(ix) Upgrade Road and Build Bridges

In 2017, Governor Muriithi promised to upgrade the County feeder roads to all weather status. By then, most of the feeder roads were impassable and murraming would take a short span before the government would go back for maintenance.

With the current administration contractors make feeder roads using modern design that ensures longevity.

The government has adopted leasing of road construction equipment as an innovative way of fast-tracking quality and cheaper road improvement across the county.

So far 1,250 km of roads have been graded and have well-developed drainage systems.

Road gravelling has reached 557 km in the county, most of which has come from the leased equipment in the department of Infrastructure launched on 9th October 2019.

An additional 17.801 km have been upgraded to bitumen standards especially in urban centres.

The county government works closely with other road-sector stakeholders for efficient use of resources and ensure synergy in road construction using modern technology and design. Last year, Laikipia hosted KIBHT to start a training institute in the county to train road contractors on the best practices to economically use resources to construct quality roads.

The ongoing trainings will ensure that even the feeder roads constructed by local contractors are up to standards to withstand all weather conditions.

The government has contracted the National Youth Service to construct 42km road from Timau-Mia Moja Arjijo Road, a key link that



Top: Inspection of Chumvi-Arjijo Road which is under construction by NYS. Right: Muramati Bridge in Segera ward



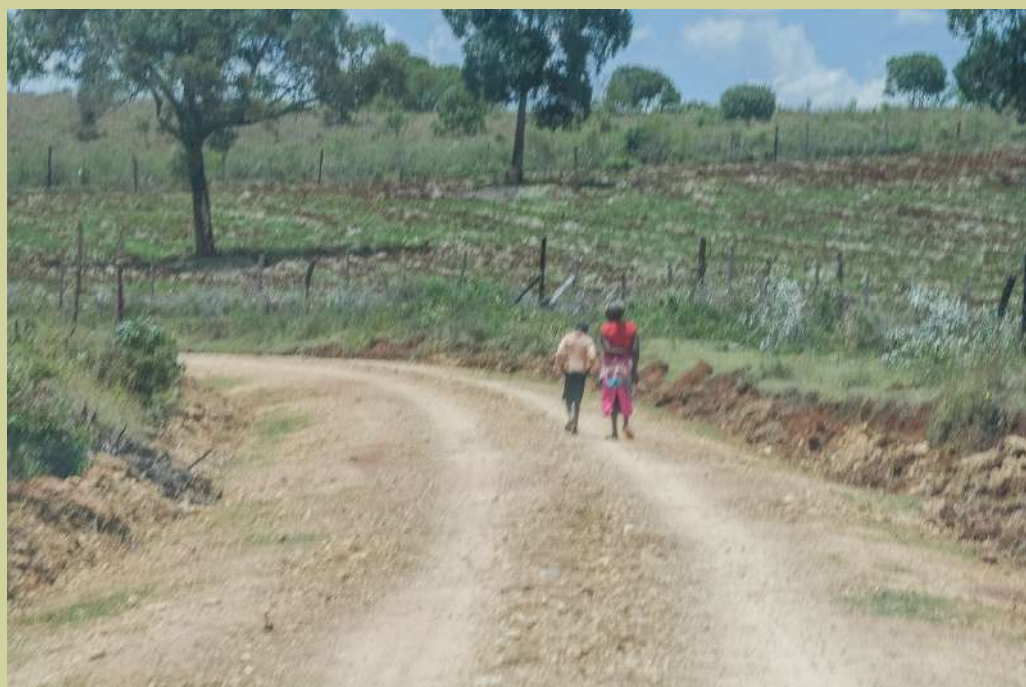
connect Laikipia East to the northern side of the county. The government now uses cobblestone and cabros in Rumuruti and Nanyuki towns in parking bays and walkways.

Modern parking bays are done using cobblestones or cabros that are long lasting and ensure proper drainage.

Chumvi bridge has been a life-changing infrastructure in Mukogondo East. Now the residents

are able to trade using the bridge to cross on either side. Ukumbusho bridge has reduced the rampant traffic and accidents through creation of a pedestrian pathway.

Other major bridges in the county include Gachuiri, Murungai, Shemane, Muramati, and Nyambugishi. The bridges allow smooth movement of animals and human beings.



A gravelled road in Igwamiti rural

LCRB on Course to Realizing Kshs 1bn Revenue Target

Laikipia county is on the right track towards achieving the Ksh. 1bn revenue target by June .

The indication comes from comparing revenue collection in previous years two months before the close of the financial year.

By the end of April this year, the County Revenue Board had collected revenue amounting to Ksh. 676,062,996, leaving a balance of slightly over Ksh 300,000,000 to the target.

This year's collection is Kshs 11,626, 245 higher compared to Ksh. 664,436,238 collected by April of 2018/19-the best performing year in terms of own source revenue in which the board collected Kshs. 815million by June.

Comparing the progress this year and that of last year, the difference is an increase of Ksh. 133,229,487, representing 24 per cent growth.

"We thank the people of Laikipia for showing resilience in meeting their civic obligations. The reason for this action is because the people can see and touch visible development in the county," Governor Ndiritu Muriithi during the swearing in of the Board's new chairperson Ms Alice Kimemia.



Laikipia tax payers have witnessed enormous developments like modern infrastructure, smart towns, and water for production, which has given them confidence to willingly pay taxes.

Ms Prudence Waithera, the Board's CEO, at-

tributes also the good progress in revenue collection to the implementation of the result-based management, streamlining the revenue collection processes, and interdepartmental collaborations in revenue collection.

Governor's Day Out Inspecting Progress of Oljabet Smart Town



Guest Page



By Mwai wa Kihu

In part 3 we revisit the life Kinyua and I lived in Mombasa. We were, in some sense, fugitives, exiled in an Island called Mom-

basa just because we did not want to go home to tell a really bad story.

We had several things going for us. For a start, we had money. The second most precious possession was the train return ticket. When you travelled with a return ticket, the train conductor would split it into two and give you back the half to use on the return journey – a small 1 cm x 1 inch piece of paper. We agreed that this must reside in the *kaba ngue* (I would rather I die) section of your attire. We simply could not afford to lose it.

Since we had zero knowledge of this town, we decided that the main project was simply to know it more than its regular residents did. We would be going through the newspapers first thing every morning to look for any indication as to when the exam results would be released.

Frugal financial management was to be paramount since we did not know how long our stay would be. After lunch that first day, we decided to start with mastering the geography of the area we already knew a bit about so that we start from the known before we ventured into the unknown. Having been totally rural boys thus far, we did not know how to navigate our way in cities.

We retraced our walk to the railway station. On our way we noticed that mangoes were being sold at very pocket-friendly price. It was peak harvesting season. We resolved that this was all we will be having for lunch every day. At the station, we found some of the 'navy cadets' dismissed with us that morning and afternoon. They had booked the evening train to Nairobi already and had a lot of stories on the events of the day.

Some had survived up to afternoon and had even had good navy lunch at the base. They had failed early in the afternoon. They were estimating probably not more than 60 to 80 of the original 320 people would spend the night and move on to Day Two of the interview. We reckoned that the navy strategy was to fail most of us and only be left with those they had beds and food for.

Explorers

Our friends could not understand how we had decided to live longer in a city we did not know. We told them to consider us as explorers. We bid them farewell as some were accusing us of not being sincere, saying that we probably knew people who could/would help us. As we walked away, Kinyua told me that our accusers got him thinking and he remembered that he actually knew a young man called Macira from his village who worked with the Kenya Oil Refinery Ltd.

Since it was now after office hours, we decided we will start looking for him the following morning. We proceeded to a bar and lodging establishment nearby and booked ourselves a room, left the luggage and started the exploration mission. We retraced our way back for dinner and rest just before dark.

At our new residence, the restaurant menu had the evergreen, ever popular dish known all over Kenya as 'one thirty' (1.30) because it cost Kes. 1.30 wherever you were in the country. It was chapati and beef. Then there was githeri. We thought these two could alternate as our staple while we resided there. We would each spend very little on mangoes during the



Not Yet A Field MarshalPart 3

.....I Was a Navy Officer for Two Hours

day and have one serious meal in the evening.

The first evening went extremely well. After a good meal, a drink and a few dances with the girls to James Brown et al, music booming from the duke box, it was like we were back in Karatina and we had already diluted the disgust we shared about the navy. We told the other patrons and staff that we were there for a long stay.

Before going to bed, we planned the events of Day Two. We would walk to Likoni and then cover the whole Island. All our exploration would be on foot. Walking was in our blood; two weeks before, we had covered the whole of Nyeri District (now county) on foot in 8 days (remind me to tell you that story another day).

Day two went on well as per plan, with photos taken at the tusks, Old Town, Mama Ngina Drive, Fort Jesus, etc. etc. I have always viewed my photo at Fort Jesus – stepping on the ocean water for the very first time in my life – as an iconic one, not least because of the famous Fort we had only read about in the history books.

I started wondering whether I should not be grateful to the navy for sponsoring such a massive trip. Whether I could forgive them for blocking the field marshal in me was another matter.

Some news in the evening shook us a bit. There had been a cholera outbreak in Mombasa two days before we arrived. The news that evening was that it had been established that it was being spread by mangoes and water, the two things we have been partaking every hour all day. The bulletin advised that we all visit the nearest municipal clinic for examination and a jab.

That is where we started our business the following morning. We took the jab to be a license to continue eating mangoes, only now we were washing them. This was the day for the North Coast and we headed that way after the clinic visit. Nyali area was of course the cleanest neighbourhood I had ever seen but the day's trophy went with Nyali Beach Hotel due to its magnificence. I had not seen anything whiter than its walls. We sat there a bit, but since our constitution did not allow spending money on anything but man-

goes, we only drank the free water. Nobody could imagine then that days would come in the distant future when water would attract a price.

The afternoon heat was becoming unbearable. It seemed like the more water you drank the more you needed and the more you sweated. This was not a highlands walk. The humidity and the 30+ degrees centigrade heat were really strange to us and our bodies.

Disappointment

Meanwhile, the newspapers were another disappointment. None was mentioning the exam results. We literally read every page in search of clues or any indication of when they would be released. You had more chances of reading about the fight between Joe Frazier and Cassius Clay (Muhammad Ali) which was due in three weeks, on March 8.

Another disappointment was the search for Macira. It ended up costing more than mangoes to make telephone calls from booths. Many a time the call would not be answered at the refinery or when it was, the person at the other end would tell us there was no Macira there. On the matter of our mission, we still had Kisauni, Mashomoroni, Changamwe and Port Reitz (now Mombasa International Airport) to cover.

The island was now a familiar town, with our footsteps all over. Our financial projections were no longer good, not when the projected time of stay was indefinite. Not many accountants would have been of help to us with that kind of a problem. Our discussions on finances were getting gloomier.

We had now crossed the red line, meaning that if we lost the piece of the train ticket, we could not have afforded any means to take us to Nairobi. That night Kinyua had a nightmare that changed our mood and survival tactics.

Read about it in **part 4**.

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County First Lady Celebrates Eid ul Fitr With Muslim Families



As our Muslim brothers and sisters within Laikipia County prepared to end the Holy month of Ramadhan, County First Lady Maria Mbeneka stood in solidarity with them by supporting the needy Muslim families with foodstuff for their Eid ul Fitr celebration.

Ramadhan is the most sacred month of the year in Islam. Muslims observe the month of Ramadhan, to mark that Allah, gave the first chapters of the Quran to Prophet Muhammad.

During the Holy month of Ramadan, Muslims fast, abstain from pleasures and pray to draw closer to God. It is also a time for families to gather and celebrate.

Eid ul Fitr is the Muslim festival that marks the end of the fast of Ramadhan.

On behalf of H.E. Governor Ndiritu Muriithi and the County Government of Laikipia, the First Lady wished Muslim Brothers and Sisters Eid Mubarak.

